

Reading extract and questions: Year 2



The United Kingdom. Set A/B

Introduction

The UK is where we live. UK is short for the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

North

It is made up of **four** countries – **England, Northern Ireland, Scotland** and **Wales**. Each one has its own capital city – **London** for England, **Belfast** for Northern Ireland, **Edinburgh** for Scotland and **Cardiff** for Wales.

Northern Ireland

This is the only country which is not on the mainland of Great Britain. It is part of the island of Ireland. Northern Ireland has lots of stunning countryside. It also has the largest lake in the UK called Lough Neagh. Cloud-carrying winds from the Atlantic Ocean mean it is often wet and overcast there.



The country in the north of the UK is Scotland. A large part of it is covered with towering mountains, which is why it is often called the Highlands. The weather tends to be colder than the rest of the UK and they get the most snow there in the winter months.



Wales

Wales is a green, hilly country on the western side of Great Britain. The highest mountains are in the north, the tallest of which is Mount Snowdon. Lots of people visit Wales to go mountain climbing. Although people in Wales mainly speak English, Wales actually has two main languages. **Welsh** is spoken by over half a million of the three million people who live there. Visitors will notice that road signs are usually written in both languages.

West

England

England is the largest of the four countries that make up the United Kingdom. It tends to be warmer and drier than the rest of the UK, especially towards the south and east. It is mainly covered with lowlands and gently rolling hills. More people live in England than any other country in the UK. The longest river in England is the River Thames. It is 215 miles long.



South

Seas and oceans

The UK is surrounded by water. The Irish Sea is in between Northern Ireland and Great Britain. The English Channel (to the south) lets us travel to France and the North Sea is to the east between Scotland and England. A lot of Scotland's coast is attacked by the ferocious waves of the Atlantic Ocean.



Questions for The United Kingdom Set A



Vocabulary:

1. Each one has its own capital ci	ty In this sentence, capital means Tick one .
tall	main
old	rich
old	
2. Look at the Scotland fact box.	Find and copy a word that means <i>high</i> .
3. Northern Ireland has lots of sto	unning countryside In this sentence, stunning means Tick one .
windy	trees
beautiful	green
Identify key aspects 4. What is UK short for?	
5. Draw four lines to match the	
England	Edinburgh
Northern Ireland	London
Scotland	Cardiff
Wales	Belfast
6. Where in the UK is Scotland?	
Inference 7. Why are road signs in Wales w	ritten in two different ways?
8. What makes you think that the	e Atlantic Ocean is rough and stormy?

equence		
. Number the sections from 1 ou.	to 4 to show the order in v	which they appear. The first has been done for
Seas and oceans		
Introduction		
Title	1	1
Scotland		
redict 0. From what you have read, v	what would be most usefu	ul to take on a visit to Northern Ireland? Tick one .
road signs	thern	mometer
sunglasses	umbr	prella



Questions for The United Kingdom Set B



Vocabulary:

1. Look at the Northern Ireland section. Find and copy a word that means the bigger area of land.
2 it is often wet and overcast there. In this sentence overcast means Tick one.
hot and sunny grey and cloudy
cold and frosty windy
3. The UK is surrounded by water. In this sentence, surrounded means Tick one.
there is water all around it there are a lot of rivers
there is hardly any water you cannot see any water
Identify key aspects 4. Name two of the countries that make up the UK.
a b
5. What is the name of the largest lake in the UK?
6. Which is the largest of the four countries that make up the UK?
7. Which Sea is between Northern Ireland and Great Britain?
Inference 8 the days are longer in summer This means the days Tick one.
are boring have more daylight
are wetter have more than 24 hours

) What are the two main languages of Welse?
). What are the two main languages of Wales?
b
Predict 10. Which of these do you think someone is likely to say after visiting every country of the UK. Tick one.
"It's very flat."
"It's interesting how every country is a little bit different."
"The weather is always lovely and warm."
"It helps that every country is on the same piece of land."

Answers for The United Kingdom

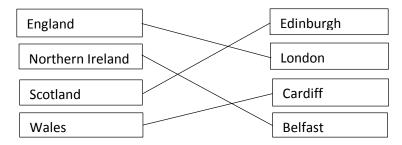
Set A:

Vocabulary:

- 1. main
- 2. towering
- 3. beautiful

Retrieval:

- 4. The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
- 5.



6. in the north (of the UK)

Inference:

- 7. because Wales has two main languages
- 8. It says: (A lot of) Scotland's coast is attacked by the ferocious waves of the Atlantic Ocean.

Sequence:

9.

Seas and oceans	4
Introduction	2
Title	1
Scotland	3

Predict:

10. umbrella

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Answers for <i>The United Kii</i>	ngdor
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re is water all around it	
val:	
two from: England/Northern Ireland/Scotland/Wales	
gh Neagh	
land	
Irish Sea	
, =	
t:	
"It's vory flat "	
it's very flat.	
"It's interesting how every country is a little bit different."	J
// - 1	
"The weather is always lovely and warm."	
i .	culary: inland y and cloudy re is water all around it val: two from: England/Northern Ireland/Scotland/Wales gh Neagh land lrish Sea nce: e more daylight lish and Welsh ct: "It's very flat."

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